

# Math 115 for Spring 2018

## Chapter R: Review of Some Basic Algebra

Sections to be covered: R.2, R.3, and R.4

Important method: Order of Operations on page 24.

Key Review Exercises:

pp. 41–42: 13, 24, 28, 34

p. 42: 2, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12

Suggested Homework Problems:

p. 15: 36, 42

pp. 28–29: 56, 58, 78, 82, 92, 100

Errors in chapter:

page 10 c. at top of page. It should be just  $>$ .

page 12: Perhaps the interval  $(-\infty, \infty)$  should also be listed.

## Key Skills

A student (after Chapter R) should be capable of the following:

- recognizing irrational numbers.
- expressing sets using interval notation.
- avoiding the common mistake when a minus sign is in front of a fraction (see page 22, margin)
- careful attention to the definition of the principal square root and the radical sign. (positive only)
- using the order of operations to simplify an expression.

Key Problems are on the next page.

## Key Problems

1. Find any two irrational numbers between 3 and 4. Is  $17/4$  a possible answer?
2. Express in set builder notation, interval notation, and graph: the set of all negative numbers that are greater than  $-3.7$ .
3. True or false:  $-\frac{\pi}{3}$  is the same as  $\frac{-\pi}{-3}$ .
4. True or false: the principal square root of 25 is 5, but the expression  $\sqrt{25}$  refers to both plus and minus 5.
5. True or false. If false give the correct answer and the correct explanation or correct steps.
  - (a) The expression  $16 \div 4 \div 2$  equals 8, since 4 divided by 2 is 2 and 16 divided by 2 is 8.
  - (b) The expression  $(-1)^{-1}$  equals  $-1$ , since minus 1 is just  $-1$  and its reciprocal is  $-1$ .
  - (c) The expression  $-3^2$  is 9, since minus 3 is just  $-3$  and its square is 9.
  - (d) The expression  $14 - 7 - 2$  is just 5, since 14 less 7 is 7 and then 7 less 2 is 5.
  - (e) The expression  $.5 + .5^2 = .75$ .
  - (f) The expressions  $3^2 + 2^2$  and  $(3 + 2)^2$  have the same value.
  - (g)  $-(3 - \sqrt{5}) = -(3) - (-\sqrt{5}) = -3 + \sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5} - 3$ .
  - (h)  $-[(3)(-\sqrt{5})] = (-3)(-(-\sqrt{5})) = -3(\sqrt{5}) = -3\sqrt{5}$ .  
 Reasonableness check: Was the expression inside the square brackets positive or negative? Was its opposite found? What should that opposite be? Is  $-3\sqrt{5}$  positive or negative? What gives?
  - (i) The result of the operation '2 to the 3rd power to the 4th power' is 4096, because 2 to the 3rd power is 8 and then 8 to the 4th power is 4096.
  - (j) The equation for the operation '2 to the 3rd power to the 4th power' can only be properly written with parentheses, and it is  $(2^3)^4$ .