

Homework 10

(due March 25)

Math 130 Kovitz 2020

1. Let f and g be the functions whose rules are

$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{2}$$

and

$$g(x) = 2x - 3.$$

- (a) Find $f \circ g$ and $g \circ f$, getting each answer in simplified form.
- (b) Find $(f \circ g)(2)$ and $(g \circ f)(2)$. In each case show how the numerical answer could be obtained in two different ways: one by an extended arrow diagram, and one by applying the formulas found in part (a).

In Problems 2–6, let f be the function given by

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+4} - 5.$$

2. Decide if f is one-to-one. One method is to graph it and check the horizontal line test.

Determine the domain and range of f .

Determine the domain and the range of f^{-1} .

Find the graph of the inverse of f by three methods:

- (a) by visually reflecting the graph of f across the diagonal line $y = x$,
- (b) by reflecting the endpoint and the intercepts of graph of f , connecting them with a smooth curve, and extending the curve to give it the same shape as the graph of f .
- (c) by producing an equation for the inverse function and graphing it over the known domain of f^{-1} . The formula over its entire implied domain and the inverse function we seek here are *not* the same, because the inverse has a smaller domain than the maximal domain of the underlying formula.

3. Find a formula for $f^{-1}(x)$ and state the domain.

4. Find $f^{-1}(f(-3))$ and $f(f^{-1}(-3))$.

5. Test the graph of f for symmetry across the line $y = x$.

- *6. Compare $f^{-1}(-3)$ and $[f(-3)]^{-1}$. Are they equal?

In Problems 7–10, let f be the function given by

$$f(x) = \frac{6-x}{1-x}.$$

7. Write an equation of the inverse relation.

8. Test the graph of $y = \frac{6-x}{1-x}$ for symmetry across the line $y = x$

(that is, determine whether $y = \frac{6-x}{1-x}$ is its own inverse).

9. Is the inverse relation a function?

10. If you answered yes to Problem 9, find a formula for $f^{-1}(x)$, and recheck your solution to Problem 8 in light of that formula.

11. Let $f(x) = \frac{5x-3}{4x-7}$, assuming f is one-to-one. Find a formula for $f^{-1}(x)$.

As a check, find: $f(1)$, $f(2)$, $f^{-1}(-2/3)$, and $f^{-1}(7)$. Do these four calculations support the correctness of your formula for f^{-1} ? Why?